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EVALUATION	PLACE OBTAINED_ 25X1
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REMARKS	
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- 1. Soviet Troops in Stettin. Prior to December 1051, the Soviet military hospital in Stettin was in the former Bethanien Diakonissenkrankenhaus (hospital) at the intersection of Mickiewicza Street (north side) and P. Mawrzyniaka Street. The installation included the Soviet military laundry which was under the supervision of Lieutenant Colonel Vinogradov (fnu) (phonetic spelling), supply officer of the post. One set of dirty linen per person and week was turned in at the laundry from Poviet offices and units stationed in the town. About 10 sets came from the headquarters personnel of Piotra Skargi, formerly Room Strasse; about 900 sets from the technical battalion in the barracks installation on Mickiewicza Street; about 800 sets from units in the free harbor zone; 30 to 5 Juellchow (Zelechowa) and an undetermined number depending on the number of patients from the military hospital.
- 2. Polish Troops in Loewenberg, Ostrowo and Jaworzno. No Polish or Soviet units were in Loewenberg (O 52/B LO) prior to January 1951. A UB unit was quartered in a new five-story brick building which was located northwest of the railroad station on the northeast edge of the town and was surrounded by a wall, two meters high. The unit had a strength of 50 to 60 persons including 4 officers. Most of the UB were khaki uniforms with red service color. About 16 to 18 sedans, including 8 cross-country vehicles were available. The personnel were armed with pistols, carbines and submachine guns.

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Barracks in the south section of the town on the northwest side of Koschtoski Street, formerly Bismarck Strasse. The installation consisted of a stuccoed brick building, about 80 meters long, and some garages. The burracks installation located in the northern section of the town on the west side of ul. Koszarewa, formerly Kasernen Strasse, was vacant in Pebruary 1951. It consisted of a large three-story building, at least 10° meters long, with two thoroughfares, plus a small three-story building containing stables and garages on its ground floor. The Polish military recruiting office was on the west side of ul. Wroclawska (Breslauer Strasse) south of the market-place. The offices of the Polish security service were on the south side of ul. Kolejewa, about hoo meters east of the railroad station. The office of the Polish militia was on the north side of the market place. In February 1951, a oviet office was at the intersection of ul. Kolejewa, on the south side, and the district magistrate's office on ul. Wroclawska. It was guarded by a Soviet sentry and entered and left by boviet officers. The building had a street front about 60 meters long and a wing of that length on its northern end.

4. In February 1952, a large installation was under construction about 2 km northwest of Jaworzno (0 51/Y 76) on the southwest side of the road to Katowice (Q 51/Y 57). It consisted of six five-story buildings, about 80 meters long, a large H-shaped building and numerous other buildings. Polish workmen stated that it would be used as a barracks installation for the Polish Army. About 1,000 Germans and young Poles, who served terms of up to two years' imprisonment for military offenses, were billeted in some of the buildings during the period under observation.

Comment. This information confirms previous reports on military units stationed in Stettin.

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. No information is available to indicate the assignment of this regiment. Ostrowo was the area of the 4th Inf Div which, however, according to other information, was transferred.

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